

Interval Temporal Logic Model Checking Based on Track Bisimilarity and Prefix Sampling

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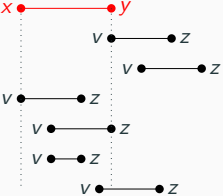

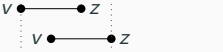
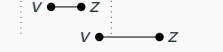

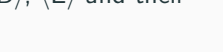
- **Model checking**: the desired properties of a system are checked against a model of the system
 - the **model** is a (finite) state-transition graph
 - system properties are specified by a **temporal logic** (e.g., LTL, CTL, CTL*, ...)
- Distinctive features of model checking:
 - **exhaustive** verification of all the possible behaviours
 - **fully automatic** process
 - a **counterexample** is produced for a violated property

Point-based vs. interval-based model checking

- Model checking is usually **point-based**:
 - properties express requirements over points (snapshots) of a computation (states of the state-transition system)
 - they are specified by means of point-based temporal logics such as LTL and CTL and the like
- **Interval-based** model checking:
 - Interval-based properties express conditions on computation stretches: accomplishments, actions with duration, and temporal aggregations
 - they are specified by means of interval temporal logics such as **HS** and its fragments

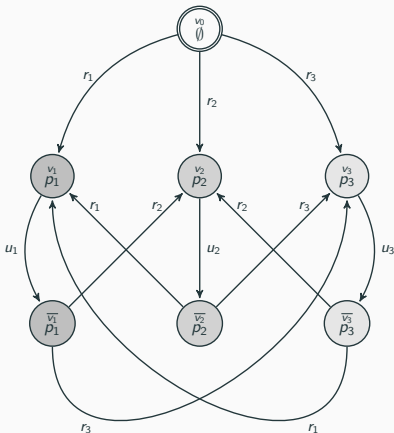
The logic HS

HS features a modality for any Allen ordering relation between pairs of intervals (except for equality)

Allen rel.	HS	Definition	Example
<i>meets</i>	$\langle A \rangle$	$[x, y] \mathcal{R}_A [v, z] \iff y = v$	
<i>before</i>	$\langle L \rangle$	$[x, y] \mathcal{R}_L [v, z] \iff y < v$	
<i>started-by</i>	$\langle B \rangle$	$[x, y] \mathcal{R}_B [v, z] \iff x = v \wedge z < y$	
<i>finished-by</i>	$\langle E \rangle$	$[x, y] \mathcal{R}_E [v, z] \iff y = z \wedge x < v$	
<i>contains</i>	$\langle D \rangle$	$[x, y] \mathcal{R}_D [v, z] \iff x < v \wedge z < y$	
<i>overlaps</i>	$\langle O \rangle$	$[x, y] \mathcal{R}_O [v, z] \iff x < v < y < z$	

All modalities can be expressed by means of $\langle A \rangle$, $\langle B \rangle$, $\langle E \rangle$ and their transposed modalities only

Kripke structures



An example of Kripke structure

- HS formulas are interpreted over (finite) state-transition systems whose states are labelled with sets of proposition letters (Kripke structures)
- An interval is a **track** (finite path/trace) in a Kripke structure

HS semantics and model checking

Truth of a formula ψ over a track ρ of a Kripke structure

$\mathcal{K} = (\mathcal{AP}, W, \delta, \mu, w_0)$:

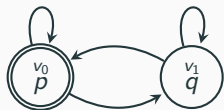
- $\mathcal{K}, \rho \models p$ iff $p \in \bigcap_{w \in \text{states}(\rho)} \mu(w)$, for any letter $p \in \mathcal{AP}$ (**homogeneity assumption**);
- negation, disjunction, and conjunction are standard;
- $\mathcal{K}, \rho \models \langle A \rangle \psi$ iff there is a track ρ' s.t. $\text{fst}(\rho) = \text{fst}(\rho')$ and $\mathcal{K}, \rho' \models \psi$;
- $\mathcal{K}, \rho \models \langle B \rangle \psi$ iff there is a prefix ρ' of ρ s.t. $\mathcal{K}, \rho' \models \psi$;
- $\mathcal{K}, \rho \models \langle E \rangle \psi$ iff there is a suffix ρ' of ρ s.t. $\mathcal{K}, \rho' \models \psi$;
- the semantic clauses for $\langle \bar{A} \rangle$, $\langle \bar{B} \rangle$, and $\langle \bar{E} \rangle$ are similar

Model Checking

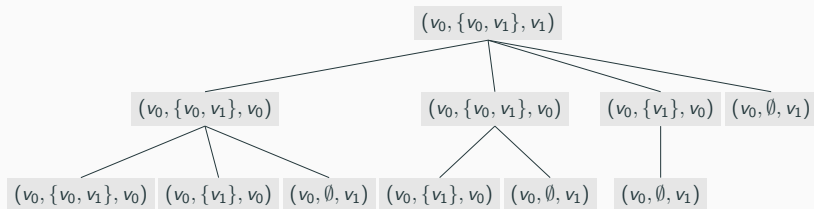
$\mathcal{K} \models \psi \iff$ for all *initial* tracks ρ of \mathcal{K} , it holds that $\mathcal{K}, \rho \models \psi$

Possibly infinitely many tracks!

BE-descriptors

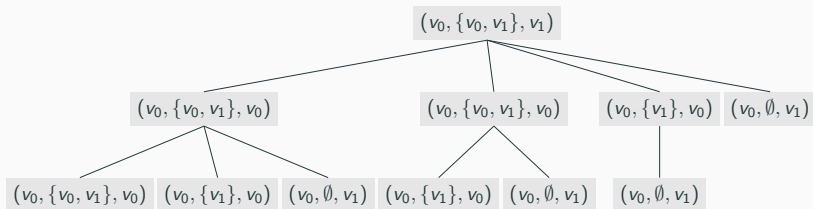


BE_2 -descriptor for the track $\rho = v_0 v_1 v_0^4 v_1$
(only the part for prefixes is shown)





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- **FACT 1:** For any Kripke structure \mathcal{K} the number of different descriptors of bounded depth k is **finite**
- **FACT 2:** Two tracks ρ and ρ' of a Kripke structure \mathcal{K} described by the **same BE_k -descriptor** are **k -equivalent**

Decidability of HS model checking

Theorem

The model checking problem for full HS on Kripke structures is decidable (non-elementary algorithm)

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Theorem

The model checking problem for BE on Kripke structures is EXPSPACE-hard

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L. Bozzelli, A. Molinari, A. Montanari, A. Peron, and P. Sala. Interval Temporal Logic MC: the Border Between Good and Bad HS Fragments.

In IJCAR, LNAI 9706, pages 389–405. Springer, 2016

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- the size of the tree representation of B_k -descriptors is larger than necessary (**redundancy**) and it prevents their efficient exploitation in model checking algorithms
- a **track representative** can be chosen to represent a (possibly infinite) set of tracks with the same B_k -descriptor
- a **bound**, which depends on both the number $|W|$ of states of the Kripke structure and the B -nesting depth k , can be given to the length of track representatives

Definition (Prefix-bisimilarity)

The tracks ρ and ρ' are **h -prefix bisimilar** if the following conditions inductively hold:

- for $h = 0$:
 $\text{fst}(\rho) = \text{fst}(\rho')$, $\text{lst}(\rho) = \text{lst}(\rho')$, and $\text{states}(\rho) = \text{states}(\rho')$.
 - for $h > 0$:
 ρ and ρ' are 0-prefix bisimilar and for each proper prefix ν of ρ (resp., proper prefix ν' of ρ'), there exists a proper prefix ν' of ρ' (resp., proper prefix ν of ρ) such that ν and ν' are $(h - 1)$ -prefix bisimilar.
-
- h -prefix bisimilarity is an **equivalence relation** over $\text{Trk}_{\mathcal{X}}$.
 - h -prefix bisimilarity **propagates downwards**.

Proposition

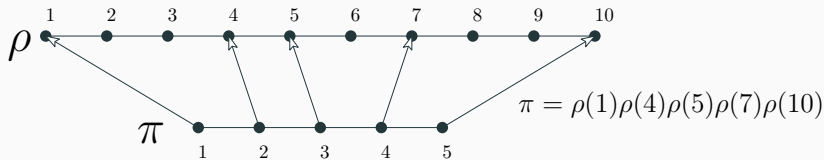
Let $h \geq 0$, and ρ and ρ' be two h -prefix bisimilar tracks of a Kripke structure \mathcal{K} . For each $\overline{A\overline{A}B\overline{B}E}$ formula ψ , with B -nesting of ψ less than or equal to h , it holds that

$$\mathcal{K}, \rho \models \psi \iff \mathcal{K}, \rho' \models \psi.$$

Definition (Induced track)

Let ρ be a track of length n of a Kripke structure \mathcal{K} . A **track induced by ρ** is a track π of \mathcal{K} such that there exists an increasing sequence of ρ -positions $i_1 < \dots < i_k$, where $i_1 = 1$, $i_k = n$, and

$$\pi = \rho(i_1) \cdots \rho(i_k).$$



If π is induced by $\rho \Rightarrow \text{fst}(\pi) = \text{fst}(\rho)$, $\text{lst}(\pi) = \text{lst}(\rho)$, and $|\pi| \leq |\rho|$.

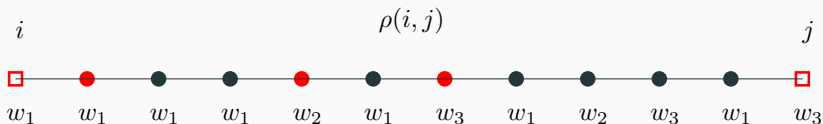
Prefix-skeleton sampling

Definition (Prefix-skeleton sampling)

Let ρ be a track of a Kripke structure $\mathcal{K} = (\mathcal{AP}, W, \delta, \mu, w_0)$.

Given two ρ -positions i and j , with $i \leq j$, the **prefix-skeleton sampling** of $\rho(i, j)$ is the **minimal set P of ρ -positions in the interval $[i, j]$** satisfying:

- $i, j \in P$;
- for each state $w \in W$ occurring along $\rho(i + 1, j - 1)$, the minimal position $k \in [i + 1, j - 1]$ such that $\rho(k) = w$ is in P .



$$P = \{i, i + 1, i + 4, i + 6, j\}$$

Definition (*h*-prefix sampling)

For each $h \geq 1$, the *h*-prefix sampling of ρ is the minimal set P_h of ρ -positions inductively satisfying the following conditions:

- for $h = 1$: P_1 is the prefix-skeleton sampling of ρ ;
- for $h > 1$:
 - $P_h \supseteq P_{h-1}$ and
 - for all pairs of consecutive positions i, j in P_{h-1} , the prefix-skeleton sampling of $\rho(i, j)$ is in P_h .

Property

*The *h*-prefix sampling P_h of (any) ρ is such that $|P_h| \leq (|W| + 2)^h$.*

Now what?

From a track ρ , we can derive another track ρ' , induced by ρ and h -prefix bisimilar to ρ , such that $|\rho'| \leq (|W| + 2)^{h+2}$ in this way:

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2. then for all the pairs of consecutive ρ -positions $i, j \in P_{h+1}$, we consider a track induced by $\rho(i, j)$, with no repeated occurrences of any state, except at most the first and last ones (hence no longer than $(|W| + 2)$);

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ρ and ρ' can be proved to be h -prefix bisimilar,

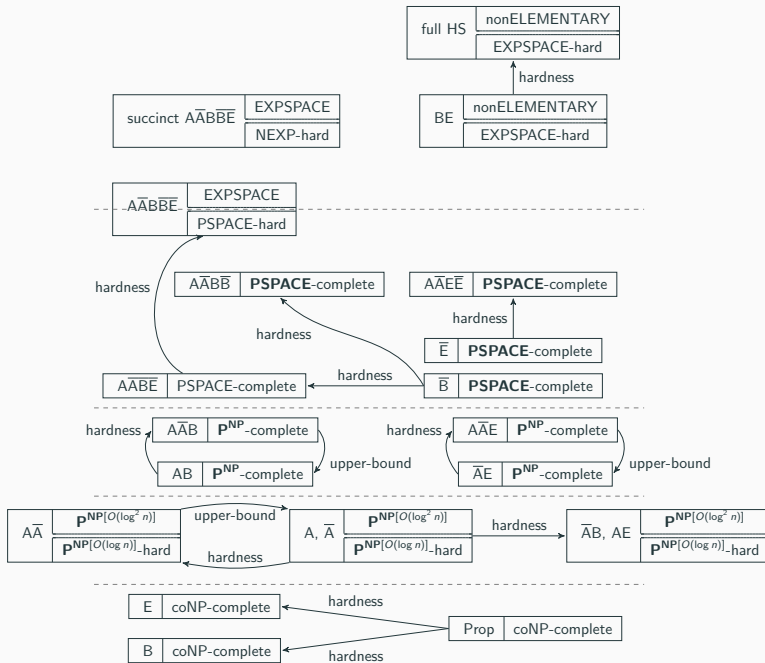
$\Rightarrow \rho'$ is indistinguishable from ρ w.r.t. the fulfilment of any $A\bar{A}B\bar{B}E$ formula ψ , with B-nesting of ψ (abbreviated $d_B(\psi)$) less than or equal to h ;

by the previous bound on $|P_h|$, we have $|\rho'| \leq (|W| + 2)^{h+2}$.

Algorithm 1 $\text{ModCheck}(\mathcal{K}, \psi)$

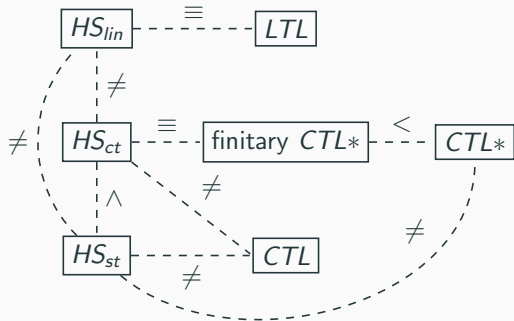
- 1: $h \leftarrow d_B(\psi)$
 - 2: $u \leftarrow \text{New}(\text{Unravelling}(\mathcal{K}, w_0, h))$ $\triangleleft w_0$ initial state of \mathcal{K}
 - 3: **while** $u.\text{hasMoreTracks}()$ **do**
 - 4: $\tilde{\rho} \leftarrow u.\text{getNextTrack}()$
 - 5: **if** $\text{Check}(\mathcal{K}, h, \psi, \tilde{\rho}) = 0$ **then**
 - 6: **return** 0: " $\mathcal{K}, \tilde{\rho} \not\models \psi$ " \triangleleft Counterexample found \mathcal{X}
 - 7: **return** 1: " $\mathcal{K} \models \psi$ " \triangleleft Model checking OK \checkmark
-




Complexity picture



- Comparison of HS model checking with LTL, CTL, and CTL* one (to this end, we introduced two semantic variants of the problem respectively based on the linear-past semantics and the linear semantics) - **DONE**
- Application: Planning as Model Checking in Interval Temporal Logic - **IN PROGRESS**
- Determining the precise complexity of full HS (and of a little subset of its fragments)
- Relaxing the homogeneity assumption

Expressiveness comparison



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